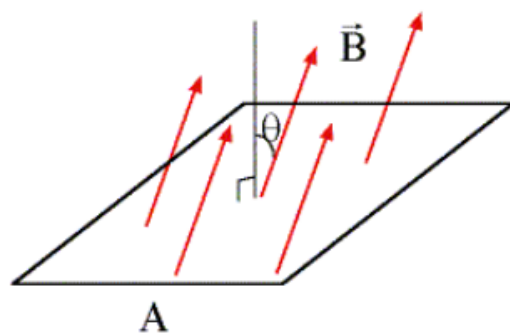
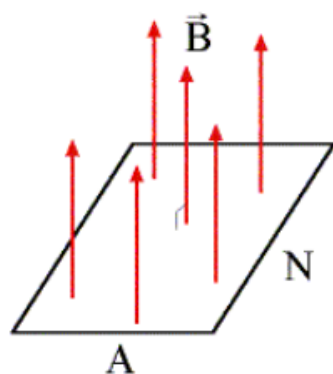


Review from yesterday: Magnetic Flux

$$\Phi_B \equiv \vec{B} \cdot \vec{A} = BA \cos \theta$$



## Faraday's Law of Induction

If a circuit contains a number "N" of tightly wound loops and the magnetic flux through each loop changes over a time interval, we can calculate and average emf induced

$$\mathcal{E} = -N \frac{\Delta \Phi_B}{\Delta t}$$

What causes the change in the flux?

Since:  $\Phi_B = BA \cos \theta$

Anyone of A, B, or the angle can cause a change in flux

What about the magnitude of the induced emf?

$$|\mathcal{E}| = \frac{|\Delta\Phi_B|}{\Delta t} = \frac{|\Delta(B \cos \theta)|A}{\Delta t}$$

If magnetic field is changing

$$|\mathcal{E}| = \frac{|\Delta\Phi_B|}{\Delta t} = \frac{|\Delta(A \cos \theta)|B}{\Delta t}$$

If area of coil is changing

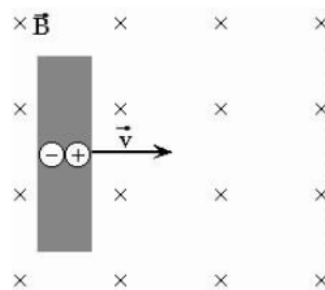
A rectangular coil is located in a uniform magnetic field of magnitude 0.30 T directed perpendicular to the plane of the coil. If the area of the coil increases at the rate of  $5.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$ , what is the magnitude of the emf induced in the coil?

A wire loop of radius  $0.30\text{m}$  lies so that an external magnetic field of magnitude  $0.30\text{T}$  is perpendicular to the loop. The field reverses its direction, and its magnitude changes to  $0.20\text{T}$  in  $1.5\text{s}$ . Find the magnitude of the average induced emf in the loop during this time.

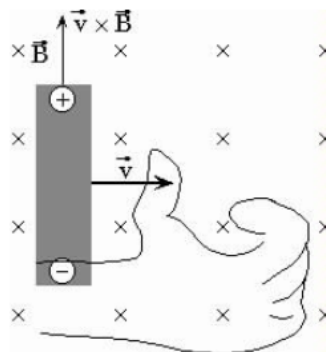
## Motional EMF

A conducting bar is comprised of charge that can move in the bar. If it moves through a magnetic field, the  $qvB$  magnetic force will cause a separation of positive and negative charges. For a magnetic field pointing into the screen and a bar moving to the right, in what direction will the positive conduction charges move?

up or down?



up



Quantifying it...

What does it depend on?

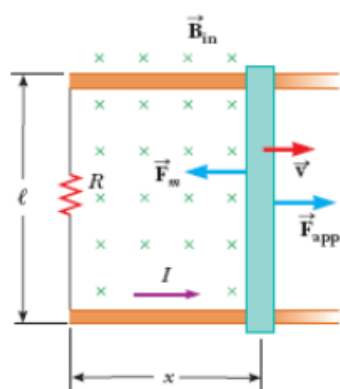
We have a uniform magnetic field ( $B$ )

We have a conductor of some length ( $l$ )

And that conductor is moving at some speed ( $v$ )



Faraday's Law?





A pickup truck has a width of 79.8 inches. If it is traveling north at 37 m/s through a magnetic field with vertical component of 35  $\mu\text{T}$ , what magnitude emf is induced between the driver and passenger sides of the truck?